

## **NY Cosmos - Principles of Play**

The principles of play are the fundamental strategies that a team uses to effectively adapt to any tactical situation during a game. They consist of concepts that coaches use to focus their team's objectives and to evaluate the performance of their players on the field.

The principles are classified as attacking and defending:

## Attacking objectives:

- ✓ Score
- ✓ Advance forward
- ✓ Maintain possession

## **Defending objectives:**

- ✓ Prevent scoring
- ✓ Delay the attack
- ✓ Regain possession

For every attacking principle employed in a game there is an equal defending principle to counter it.

Attacking Principles	Defending Principles
<ul> <li>Penetration</li> <li>The ability to get inside and behind the defense's shape.</li> <li>Looking forward first and asking the question "Can we score or effectively play the ball forward?"</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>To "pressure" the attacker to reduce their time and space and prevent the ball from being played forward.</li> <li>Slowing down the attack to allow the defense to reorganize when outnumbered.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Support</li> <li>To keep possession with support in front, side and behind the ball.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Depth/Cover</li> <li>To provide close support for the pressuring defender (i.e. 1st defender) and restrict/reduce space for attackers.</li> </ul>
The ability to stretch and pull defenders out of position.	<ul> <li>Compactness</li> <li>To assemble as quickly as possible as a team to protect areas of the field vulnerable to scoring opportunities.</li> </ul>
Mobility	Sealing of the space away from the ball in order to limit the opponent's attacking options.      Retaining team shape.
<ul> <li>Improvisation/Creativity</li> <li>Doing the unexpected.</li> <li>Break down defenses using individual soccer techniques or group combinations.</li> </ul>	Control and Restraint (Patience)     Being patient and waiting for the correct moment to win the ball.      Assess the risk before challenging for the ball.